

# LESSON 1: Frères et soeurs (Brothers and sisters)



Learning objectives	Possible teaching activities	Learning outcomes	Resources & Core language	Points to note
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To prepare and practise a simple conversation - focus on pronunciation using tone and gesture to convey meaning (O.5.1)</li> <li>To manipulate language by changing a single element in a sentence (KAL)</li> <li>To use a physical response (LLS)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Starters:</b>            Revise <b>Comment tu t'appelles?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Play <i>Catch with a teddy</i>. The pupil who catches answers and asks the question.</li> <li>Play <i>Guess Me</i>: one pupil sits with their back to the class and asks <b>Comment tu t'appelles?</b> Silently point to another pupil who disguises their voice and says the wrong name. The first pupil says <b>C'est ...?</b> (Is it ...?) The class respond with <b>oui/non, je m'appelle ...</b></li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use pictures of The Simpsons (Simpsons 1<sup>st</sup> PPT): point to one family member and say <b>Bonjour, je m'appelle ...</b> (Hello, I am called ...) Encourage the class to add the character's name by hesitating or by the tone of your voice. Pupils can say the phrase for each picture.</li> <li>Use Frères ou Soeurs PowerPoint to introduce <b>un frère/une soeur</b>.</li> <li>Play clip 14 from Early Start DVD. Pupils watch and repeat.</li> </ul> <p><b>Plenary:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Play <i>What have You Got?</i>: Teacher says <b>J'ai une soeur</b> and all pupils with 1 sister stand up.            Note: <b>Je suis fils unique</b> = I am an only son ; <b>Je suis fille unique</b> = I am an only daughter.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pronounce <b>frère</b> and <b>soeur</b> accurately and know their meaning</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Simpson 1st PowerPoint</a></li> <li><a href="#">Frères ou Soeurs PowerPoint</a></li> <li>Clip 14 from Early Start DVD</li> </ul> <p><b>J'ai une soeur</b> = I have a sister</p> <p><b>J'ai un frère</b> = I have a brother</p> <p><b>Je suis fils unique</b> = I am an only son.</p> <p><b>Je suis fille unique</b> = I am an only daughter.</p> <p><b>un demi-frère</b> = half/step brother  <b>une demi-soeur</b> = half/step sister</p>	<p>Accept physical responses from pupils who are not ready to respond verbally.</p> <p>Reinforce accurate pronunciation of <b>un/une</b>.</p> <p>Point out that <b>soeur</b> sounds like "sir" in English and that <b>frère</b> rhymes with <b>anniversaire</b>.</p> <p>Note there is no <b>un/une</b> in <b>Je suis fils/fille unique</b>.</p>

**WEB LINKS:** [Staffs material QCA French](#) [Primary Resources: Modern Foreign Languages](#)

**FOLLOW UP IDEAS:** Throughout the week, pupils can answer the register saying how many brothers and sisters they have. See also [Simpson Family \(Flashcards\) PowerPoint](#).

**NOTES:** More resources e.g. dialogues are available in the [additional resources](#) file.

Pronunciation help - copy and paste any text into <http://www.text-to-speech.imtranslator.net/>, select 'French', click on 'Say it' and listen.

# LESSON 2: Les noms (Names)



Learning objectives	Possible teaching activities	Learning outcomes	Resources & Core language	Points to note
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To make simple sentences (L5.2)</li> <li>To apply grammatical knowledge to make sentences (LLS)</li> <li>To prepare and practise a simple conversation, including asking and answering questions (O.5.1)</li> <li>To use repair strategies to keep a conversation going (KAL)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Starter:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Boardworks Unit 10 - <b>Voir et Lire</b> (screen 2) <b>Revoir et Apprendre</b> (screen 2), numbers of siblings. Teacher models writing plurals e.g. <b>3 frères; j'ai 2 soeurs et trois frères.</b></li> <li>In pairs, pupils ask each other: <b>Tu as des frères et des sœurs?</b> Use number dice/pocket dice with picture of girl/boy to practise asking and answering the question.</li> <li>Introduce : <b>Je n'ai pas de...</b></li> <li>Using Early Start activity sheet and typed sheet: match the pictures with the correct phrase. Use to play Snap/Pelmanism.</li> <li>Use <b>Frères ou Soeurs</b> PowerPoint to reinforce <b>il s'appelle/elle s'appelle ...</b></li> </ul> <p><b>Grammar focus - il/elle he/she</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Record in books a simple sentence about their siblings using the PowerPoint as a model.</li> </ul> <p><b>Plenary:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Choose a suitable plenary activity from <b>Purposeful Plenaries on the SoL CD.</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Be able to talk about siblings they have/not got and write a simple sentence about them</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Boardworks Unit 10</li> <li>Dice, pocket dice with pictures of girl/boy (or coloured dice - pink and blue)</li> <li>Early Start 1 Unit 14 activity sheet + word cards</li> <li><a href="#">Frères ou Sœurs PowerPoint</a></li> </ul> <p><b>Tu as des frères et des sœurs?</b> = Do you have brothers and sisters</p> <p><b>Je n'ai pas de...</b> = I don't have a ...  <b>il s'appelle/elle s'appelle</b> = he/she is called</p> <p><b>J'ai une soeur</b> = I have one sister  <b>J'ai un frère</b> = I have one brother  <b>Je suis fils unique</b> = I am an only son  <b>Je suis fille unique</b> = I am an only daughter  <b>un demi-frère</b> = half/step brother  <b>une demi-soeur</b> = half/step sister</p>	<p>In <b>Je n'ai pas de soeur/frère.</b> There is no <b>un/une.</b></p> <p>Add 's' for plurals  <b>2 soeurs</b>  <b>4 frères.</b></p>

**WEB LINKS:** [Prescott primary French brothers and sisters interactive game](#)

**FOLLOW UP IDEAS:** Throughout the week, pupils can use Boardworks Unit 10 **Parler** game.

**NOTES:**



# LESSON 3: La famille Simpson (The Simpson family)

Learning objectives	Possible teaching activities	Learning outcomes	Resources & Core language	Points to note
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and structures (O5.3)</li> <li>To pick out key words when listening (LLS)</li> <li>To recognise different types of language (KAL)</li> <li>Prepare and practise a simple conversation (O5.1)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Starter:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Singing French song 17: clap every time they hear the sound ère.</li> <li>Use Boardworks Unit 10 - <b>Voir/Lire</b> (screen 1) to introduce <b>Voici/qui s'appelle</b>. Explain <b>mon</b> is used for masculine and <b>ma</b> for feminine. Work on <i>il/elle s'appelle</i> by asking: <b>Il s'appelle comment? or Comment s'appelle-t-il?</b></li> <li>Go round the class asking <b>Il s'appelle comment? or Comment s'appelle-t-il?</b></li> <li>Boardworks Unit 10 - <b>Jouer</b> (screen 1 only) Also reinforce <i>il s'appelle/elle s'appelle ...</i></li> <li>Give each group/pair a member of Simpsons family. They have to say a sentence about it e.g. <b>Voici ma mère. Elle s'appelle Marge. Voici ma mère qui s'appelle Marge.</b> (Sentence cards available as prompts or for matching)</li> </ul> <p><b>Plenary:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Learn Singing French song 17</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Be able to introduce other members of the family</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Boardworks Unit 10</li> <li><a href="#">Simpson PowerPoint (voici only)</a></li> <li><a href="#">Simpson PowerPoint (with names)</a></li> <li><a href="#">Simpson family pictures</a></li> <li><a href="#">Simpson sentence cards</a></li> </ul> <p><b>Il s'appelle comment? Comment s'appelle-t-il?</b> = What is his name? <b>Voici mon/ma + noun</b> = Here is my... <b>mon père</b> = my father <b>ma mère</b> = my mother <b>mon grand-père</b> = my grandfather <b>ma grand-mère</b> = my grandmother <b>qui</b> = who</p>	<p>Explain <b>mon</b> is used for masculine and <b>ma</b> for feminine.</p> <p>It is important that pupils get used to variants of the same questions asking: <b>Il s'appelle comment?</b> <u>or</u> <b>Comment s'appelle-t-il?</b></p>

**WEB LINKS:** [Staffs material QCA French](#) [Primary Resources: Modern Foreign Languages](#)

**FOLLOW UP IDEAS:** Throughout the week, pupils can sing the song from Singing French.

**NOTES:**

## LESSON 4: Ma famille (My family)



Learning objectives	Possible teaching activities	Learning outcomes	Resources & Core language	Points to note
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use actions and rhymes to help memorisation (LLS)</li> <li>• Write words, phrases and short sentences using a reference (L5.3)</li> <li>• Apply phonic and whole word knowledge of the new language in order to locate words in a reference source (KAL)</li> </ul>	<p><i>Starters:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Boardworks Unit 10 - <b>Revoir/Apprendre</b> - look at family tree to reinforce vocabulary/ phrases.</li> <li>• Boardworks Unit 10 - <b>Chanter/Réciter</b> - use as a springboard for activities.</li> </ul> <p><i>Differentiated activities:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Game: Match Simpsons pictures to labels.</li> <li>• Draw and label own family portrait - use <b>il/elle s'appelle</b> accurately</li> <li>• Match phrases to make Simpsons mind map. Use this as a model for own <b>Ma famille</b> mind map.</li> <li>• Make <b>Ma famille</b> mini book - each page for member of your family. Use taught language structure e.g. <b>Voici mon père qui s'appelle Bob.</b></li> </ul> <p><i>Plenary:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Choose a suitable plenary activity from Purposeful Plenaries on the SoL CD.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be able to write phrases about my family using a model</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Boardworks</li> <li>• <a href="#">Mini Simpson pictures</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Simpson family labels</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Simpson mind map + sentence matching</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Example of ma famille mini-book</a></li> </ul>	<p>Remind them about <b>mon/ma</b> and the sound <b>ère</b>.</p>
<p><b>WEB LINKS:</b> <a href="#">Staffs material QCA French</a>   <a href="#">Primary Resources: Modern Foreign Languages</a></p> <p><b>FOLLOW UP IDEAS:</b> Throughout the week, pupils can practise taught language by sharing their family portraits or mini books.</p>				
<p><b>NOTES:</b></p>				



## LESSON 5: L'arbre généalogique (Family Tree)

Learning objectives	Possible teaching activities	Learning outcomes	Resources & Core language	Points to note
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Read fiction and nonfiction texts (L5.1)</li> <li>• Look and listen for visual and aural clues (LLS)</li> <li>• Choose words, phrases and sentences and write them in a gapped text (L5.3)</li> <li>• Apply previous knowledge and language clues to help understanding (LLS)</li> </ul>	<p><i>Starters:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Using the Family Tree Notebook, discuss the names of each of the Simpson family members in French. Revising <b>Il/elle s'appelle</b>.</i></li> <li>• <i>Discuss the layout of the family tree (see page 4)</i></li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>La famille de Julien</b> - read the text about Julien's family. Encourage pupils to infer meaning - age will be covered in Unit 14. Annotate with pen/highlighter what they know about Julien and his family.</li> <li>• Use the information to fill in the names of the members of Julien's family on the family tree (page 5).</li> </ul> <p><i>Plenary:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Singing French song 17.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be able to complete a family tree using information from text</li> <li>• Be able to read and understand text about a family in French</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Family tree</a> Notebook</li> <li>• <a href="#">La Famille de Julien</a> - writing</li> <li>• <a href="#">Julien Family tree sheet</a> (from Smart Nbk print landscape full screen)</li> </ul> <p><b>Voici mon/ma... + noun</b>            = Here is my...  <b>mon beau-père</b>            = my step dad  <b>ma belle-mère</b>            = step mum  <b>mon demi-frère</b>            = step/half brother  <b>ma demi-soeur</b>            = step/half sister</p>	<p>Explain <b>mon</b> is used for masculine and <b>ma</b> for feminine.</p> <p>It is important that pupils get used to variants of the same questions asking:  <b>Il s'appelle comment?</b>  <b>or</b>  <b>Comment s'appelle-t-il?</b></p>
<p><b>WEB LINKS:</b> <a href="#">BBC schools primary French 2 - ma famille</a> (flash animated version), <a href="#">BBC - Schools - Primary French</a> (non-animated version). Also search in Google Images under 'arbre généalogique' for different styles of family tree.</p>				
<p><b>FOLLOW UP IDEAS:</b> Throughout the week, pupils can practise the song from Singing French. Create Julien's family tree in their own style or role play Julien's family.</p>				
<p><b>NOTES:</b></p>				



## LESSON 6: Ma famille bizarre (My strange family)

Learning objectives	Possible teaching activities	Learning outcomes	Resources & Core language	Points to note
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plan, prepare and analyse what needs to be done to carry out a task (LLS)</li> <li>Make short texts (L5.2)</li> <li>Manipulate language by changing an element in a sentence (KAL)</li> <li>Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic (O5.4)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use the family tree template to make their own imaginary family tree. Use pictures of famous people or fictional characters. Revise <b>Il/elle s'appelle</b>.</li> <li>Read the family tree text again. Encourage pupils to reflect on the language they could recycle in their own presentation.</li> <li>Pupils glue and label pictures, and produce a written paragraph about their imaginary family. (Alternatively pictures can be downloaded from Google images to create the family tree)</li> </ul> <p><i>Plenary:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Pupils present their imaginary family to the rest of the class in French. They must learn the text.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Be able to use a model to write a text about an imaginary family and fill in a family tree</li> <li>Be able to prepare and present a short presentation about an imaginary family</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Family tree</a> - Simpsons, Julien + blank template</li> <li><a href="#">Julien's Family tree text</a></li> </ul> <p><b>Voici mon/ma</b> + noun = Here is my... <b>mon beau-père</b> = my step dad <b>ma belle-mère</b> = step mum <b>mon demi-frère</b> = step/half brother <b>ma demi-soeur</b> = step/half sister</p> <p><b>Il/elle s'appelle...</b> = He/she is called ... <b>Il/elle a ... ans.</b> = He/she is ... years old.</p>	<p>Remember hyphens and è when copy writing members of the family e.g. <b>grand-père</b>.</p> <p>Remind pupils when talking about age in French they say literally "He <u>has</u> ... years."</p>
<p><b>WEB LINKS:</b> <a href="#">Arbre généalogique simple - Tête à modeler</a> - simple tree to make.</p>				
<p><b>FOLLOW UP IDEAS:</b> Throughout the week, pupils can present their imaginary family tree to the class.</p>				
<p><b>NOTES:</b></p>				